NSCL Beam Test 98: Performance of CsI Calorimeter

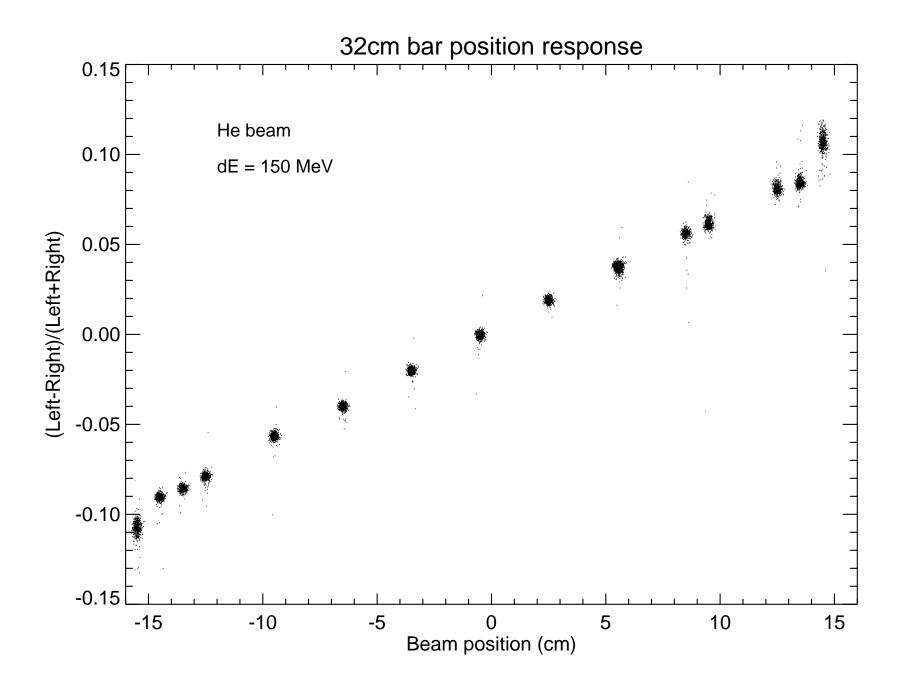
J. Eric Grove NRL

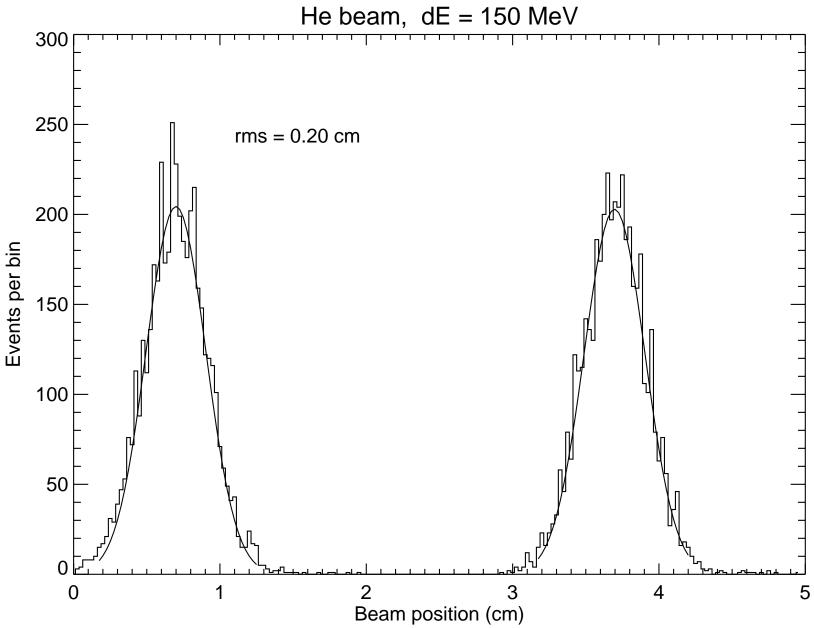
- National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory, Michigan State, 27-29 Jan 1998
- Proton, heavy nuclei beams

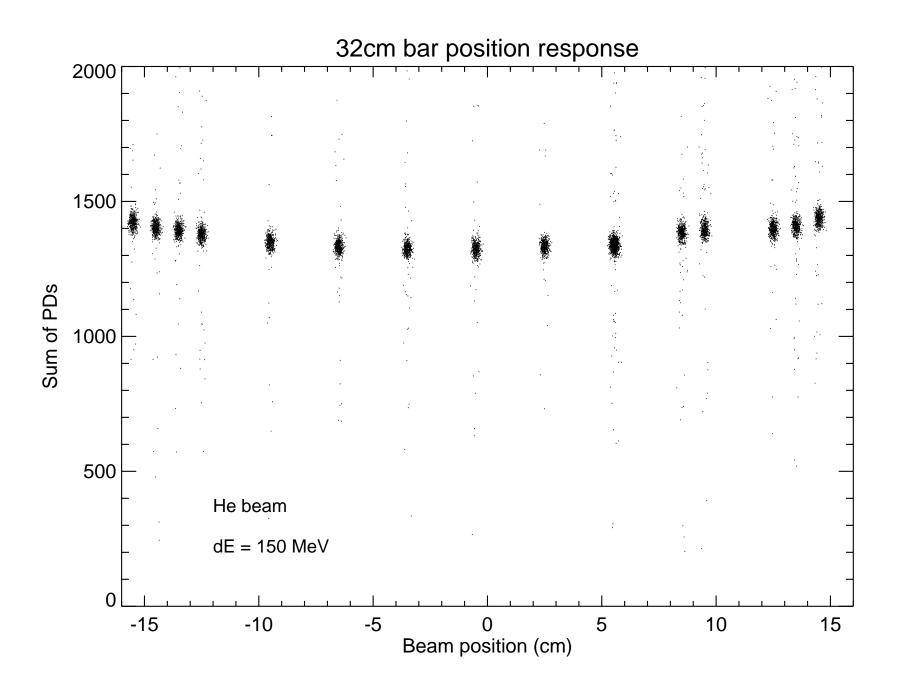
H, H_2^+ , He, and C Beam energy = 160.6 MeV/n good beam: $\Delta p/p \sim 0.1\%$ $\Delta x < 1$ mm.

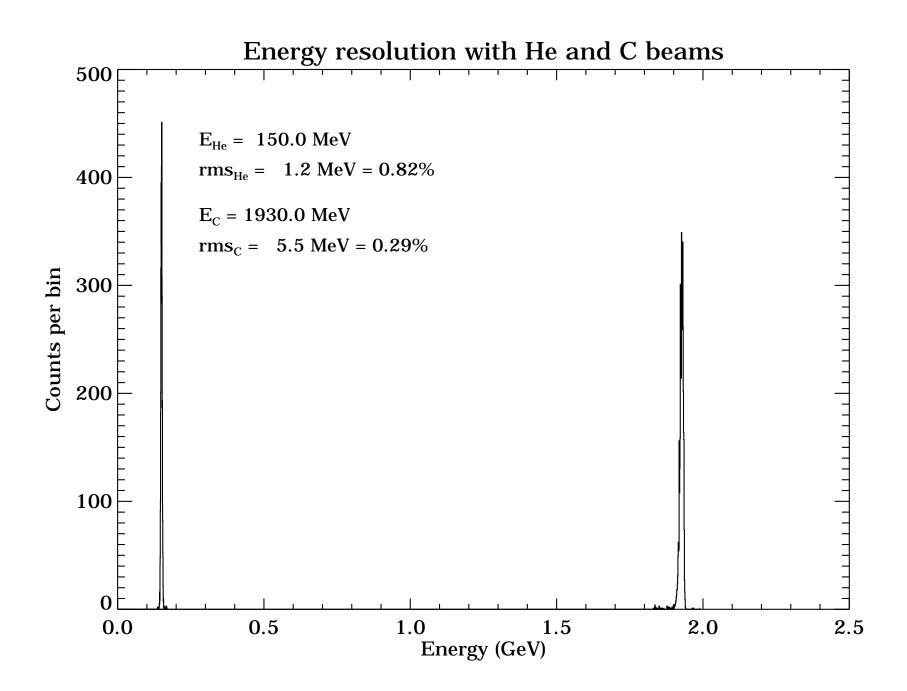
He penetrates CsI bar, deposits 150 MeV ($\Delta E_{Landau} \approx 2$ MeV). C stops within CsI bar, deposits full beam energy, 2 GeV.

- Test goals:
 - 1. Map light collection in 32cm bar with "hairless" beam.
 Simpler measure of intrinsic energy and position resolution of CsI crystals.
 - 2. Study direct energy deposition in PIN photodiode.
 - 3. Hadronic radiation damage in CsI ~10 kRad over full 24cm bar.
 - 4. Alternative ACD detector technology.









Alternate ACD detector technology:

• Plastic scintillator with PIN photodiode readout.

Photodiodes are poor match to typical plastic scintillators.

Diode sensitivity peaks in red.

Plastics emit in blue. Need red scintillator.

Bicron 430

Peak emissivity: 580 nm 30 cm square, 1cm thick.

Readout:

Two 1 cm² PINs (S3590-03, 300µm thick) on edge.

Two 1.8x1.8 cm² PINs (S3204-03, 300µm thick) on face.

Does it work?

Bicron says 15,000 to 35,000 e / MeV with PIN readout.

Best CsI and PIN systems have ~40,000 e/MeV and ~50-100 keV noise floor.

Since 1 MIP is >1 MeV and the ACD doesn't have to be completely hermetic,

it's not a completely stupid idea.

Try proton and He test beams....

